		UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
		District of Delaware
		UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
		V. ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL
		Armando Saucedo-Lozano Case Chot-86-UNA
		Defendant
det		ccordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), a detention hearing has been held. I conclude that the following facts require to nof the defendant pending trial in this case.
		Part I—Findings of Fact
	(1)	The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and has been convicted of a
	(3)	a felony that was committed after the defendant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses. The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a federal, state or local offense. A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction release of the defendant from imprisonment for the offense described in finding (1). Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure safety of (an) other person(s) and the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption.
		Alternative Findings (A)
	(1)	,
		for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).
	(2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably as the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.
		Alternative Findings (B)
X) There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.
	(2)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.
		defendant was indicted on the charge of reentry after deportation.
		Part II—Written Statement of Reasons for Detention
	I find	d that the credible testimony and information submitted at the hearing establishes by clear and convincing evidence a prepo
		a prepo

I find that the credible testimony and information submitted at the hearing establishes by clear and convincing evidence a preponderance of the evidence: At the time of his initial appearance after consulting with counsel, defendant did not oppose the government's motion for detention. Defendant was advised since there was no opposition that he would be detained. Further, a detainer has been issued by ICE which would have prevented defendant's release and the evidence against defendant is substantial.



AO 472 (Rev. 3/86) Order of Detention Pending Trial

Part III—Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

June 28, 2007

Date

Signature of Judicial Officer

Mary Pat Thynge, Magistrate Judge

Name and Title of Judicial Officer

^{*}Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 et seq.); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).